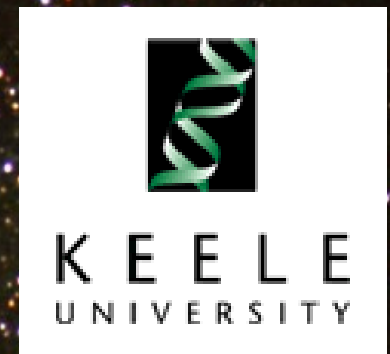


# ECLIPSING BINARIES IN OPEN CLUSTERS

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# Eclipsing binaries

- Spectroscopy gives masses and temperatures
- Photometry gives radii and relative brightnesses
- Get radii and masses to 1--2%

# Open clusters

- Photometry gives age, reddening and metallicity
- Spectroscopy gives spectral types and membership

# Eclipsing binaries in open clusters

- Masses, radii and temperatures of two stars
- Age and metallicity from cluster membership
- Test stellar models and find cluster distance

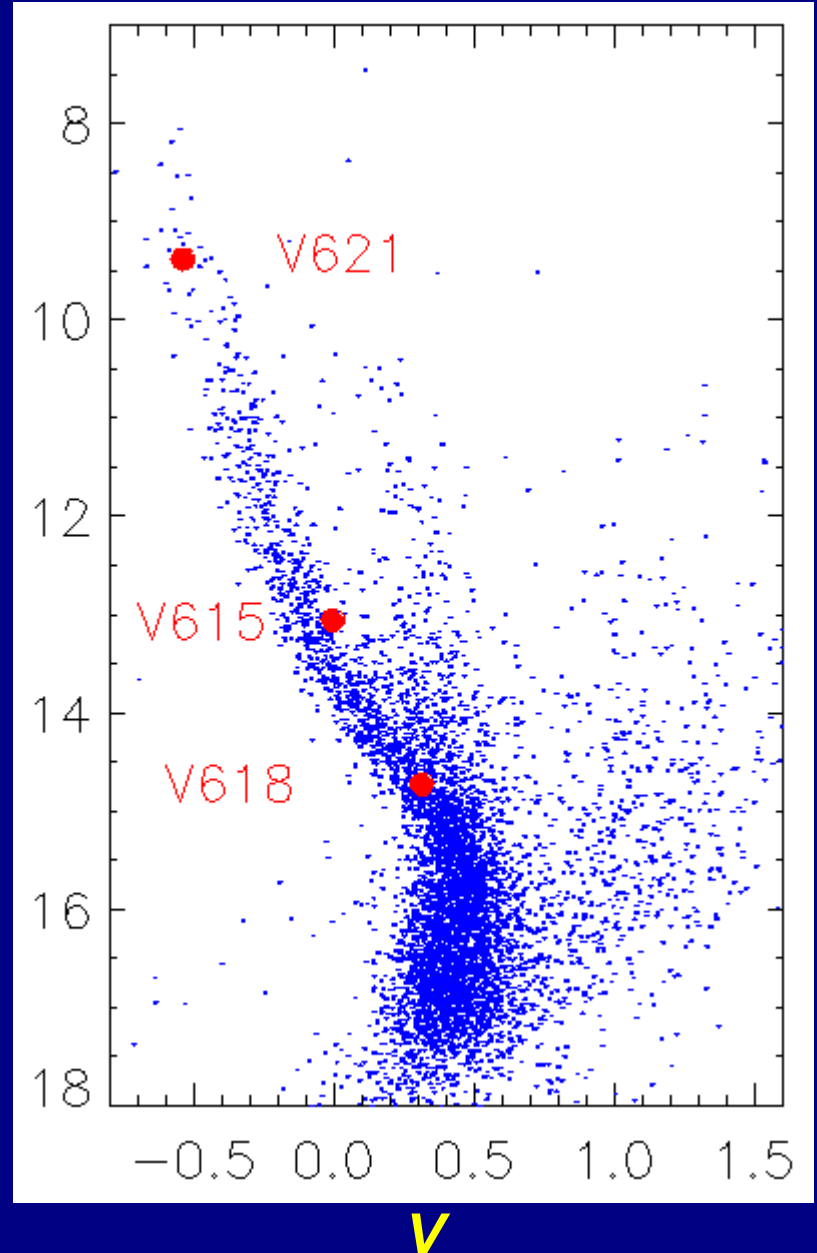
# V615 Per and V618 Per in NGC 869

- Discovered by Krzesiński et al. (1999)
  - V615 Per:  $V = 13.0$   
B7V period = 13.7d
  - V618 Per:  $V = 14.6$   
A2 V period = 6.4d

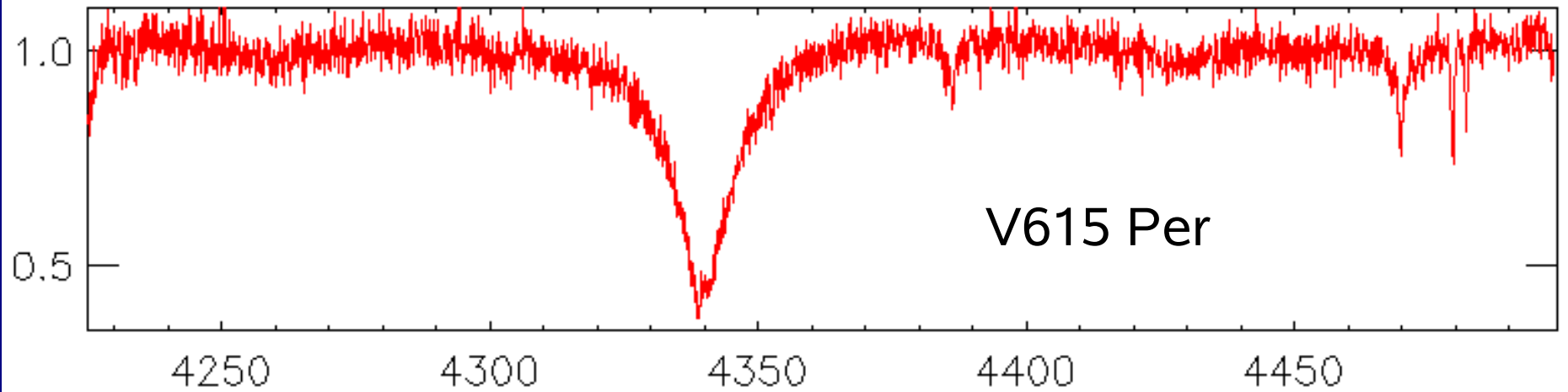
- NGC 869 (h Per):
  - age =  $12.5 \pm 0.5$  Myr
  - $dm = 11.70 \pm 0.5$  mag.
  - metallicity: unknown

*CMD from Keller et al. (2001)*

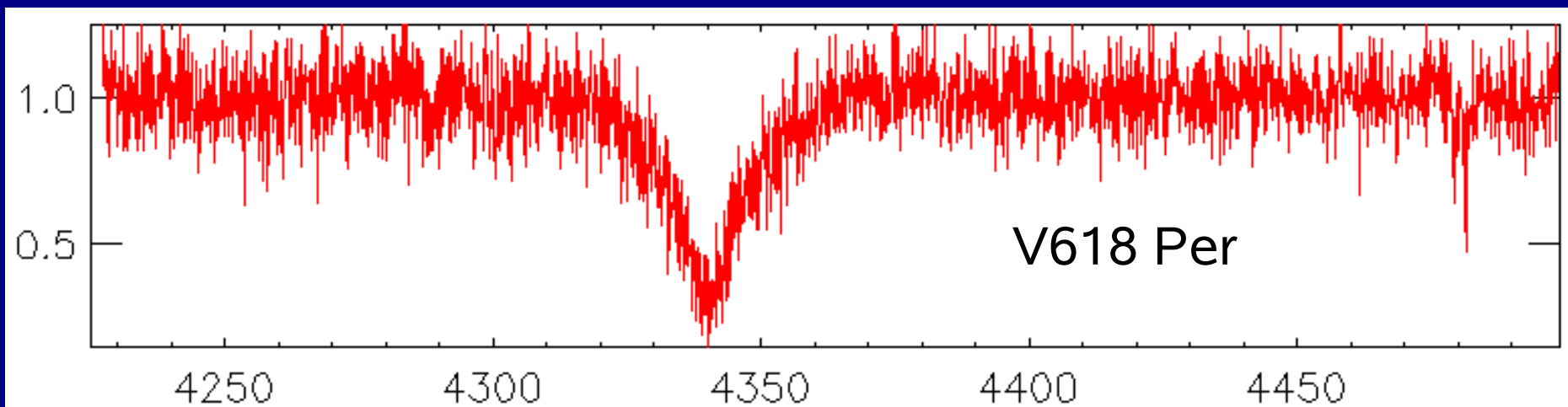
$B - V$



# Blue-band spectroscopy

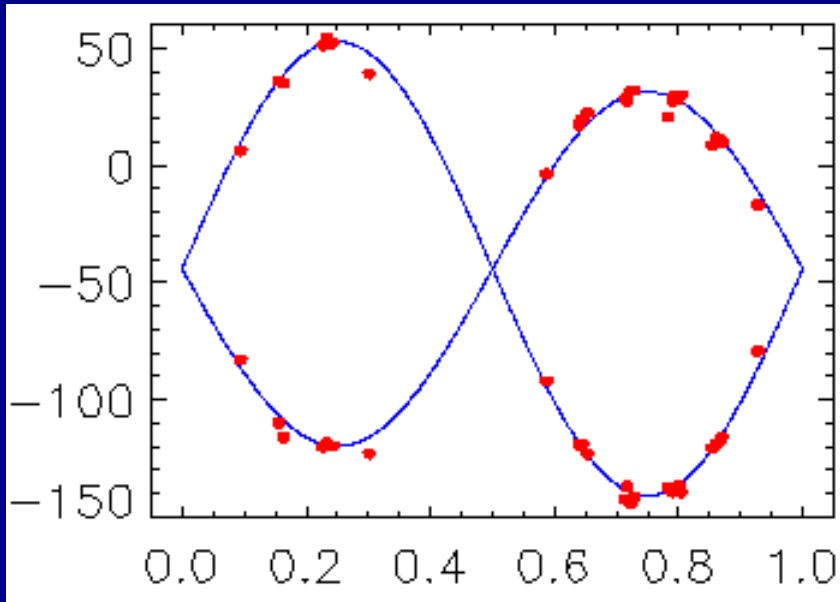


- 14 nights INT / IDS with resolution  $0.2 \text{ \AA}$
- 4240 to 4500  $\text{\AA}$  window contains Mg II 4481  $\text{\AA}$ , H $\gamma$

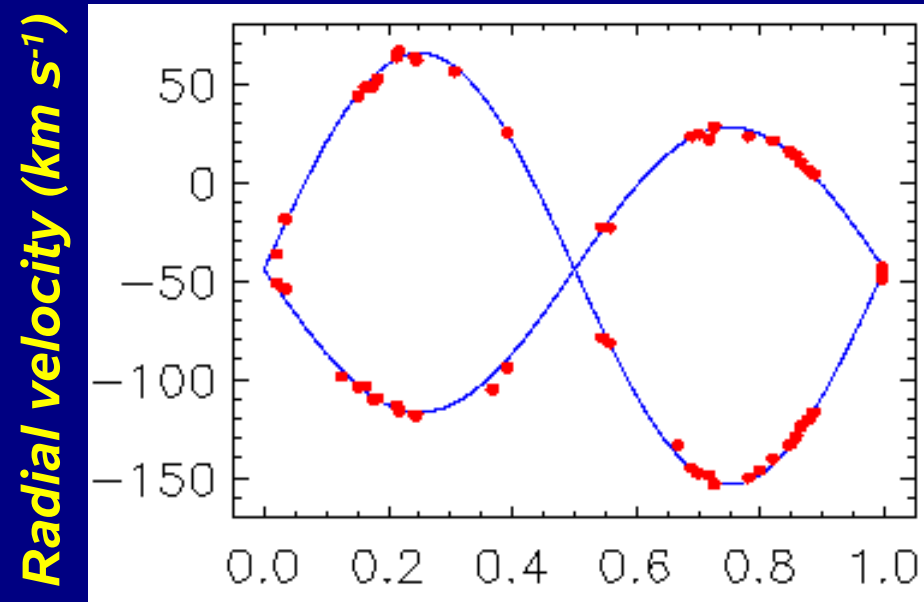


# Spectroscopic orbits

V615 Per



V618 Per



- TODCOR cross-correlation algorithm for RVs
  - synthetic spectra
- SBOP used to derive spectroscopic orbit
  - circular orbits
  - systemic velocities confirm membership of NGC 869

# Spectral synthesis

V615 Per:

- $15000 \pm 500$  K
- $11000 \pm 500$  K

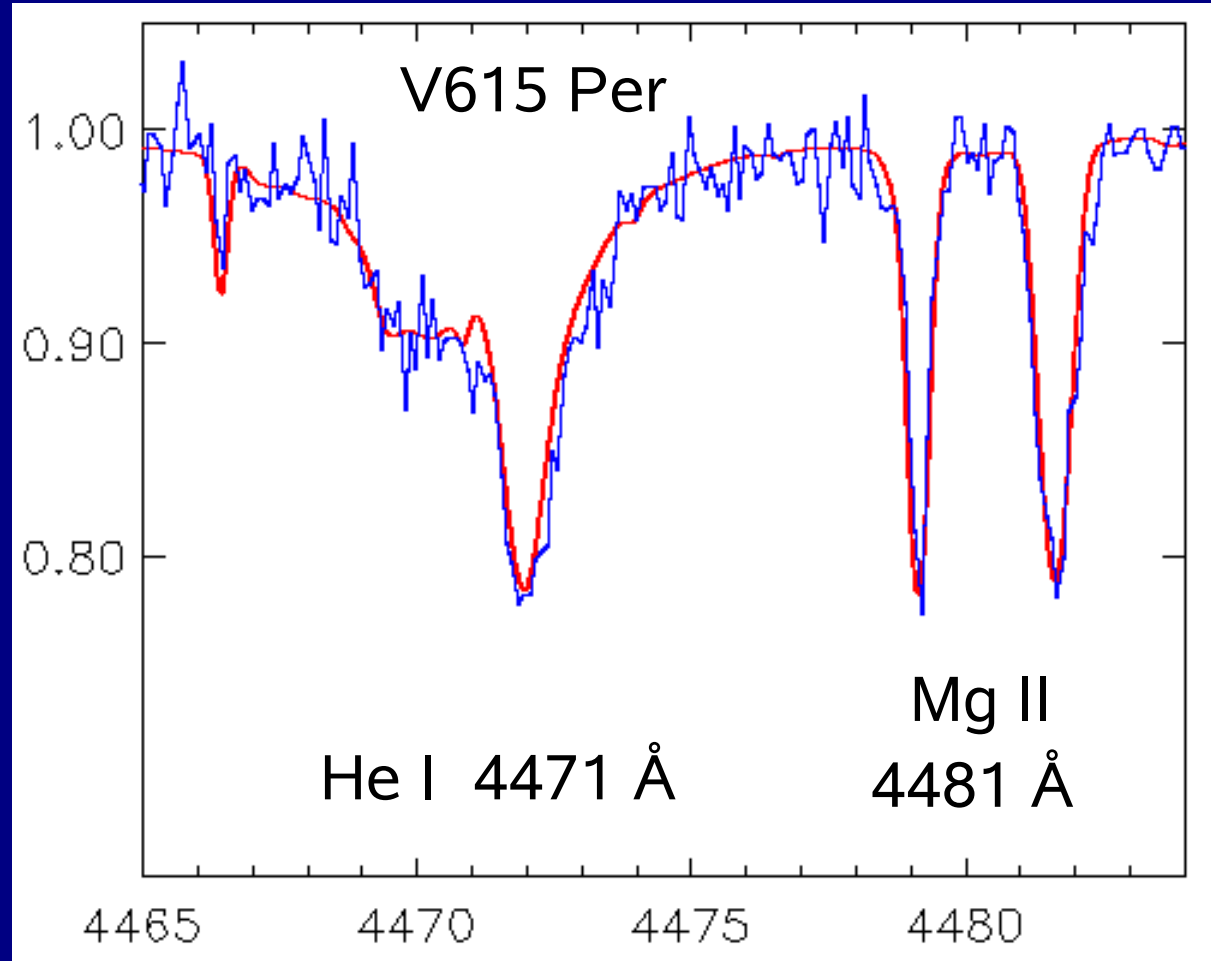
V618 Per:

- $11000 \pm 1000$  K
- $8000 \pm 1000$  K

All four stars are  
slow rotators (10  
to  $28 \text{ km s}^{-1}$ )

- supports binary  
formation by  
delayed breakup  
(Tohline 2002)

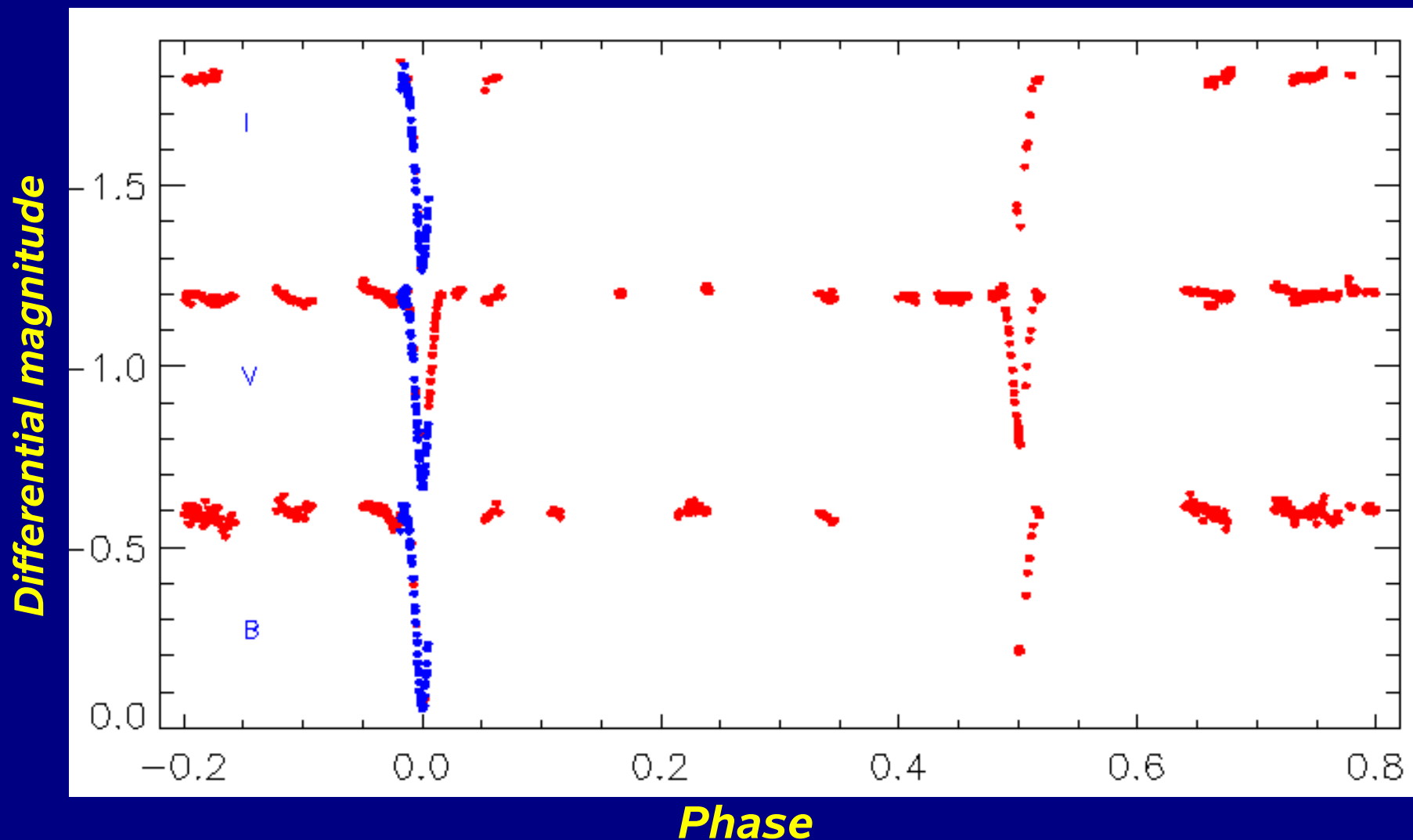
*Relative flux*



*Wavelength (Å)*

Blue: average of four V615 Per spectra  
Red: best fit

# V615 Per light curves



- Discovery light curves from Krzesinski et al. (red)
- JKT service data of primary eclipse (blue)

# V615 Per light curve solution

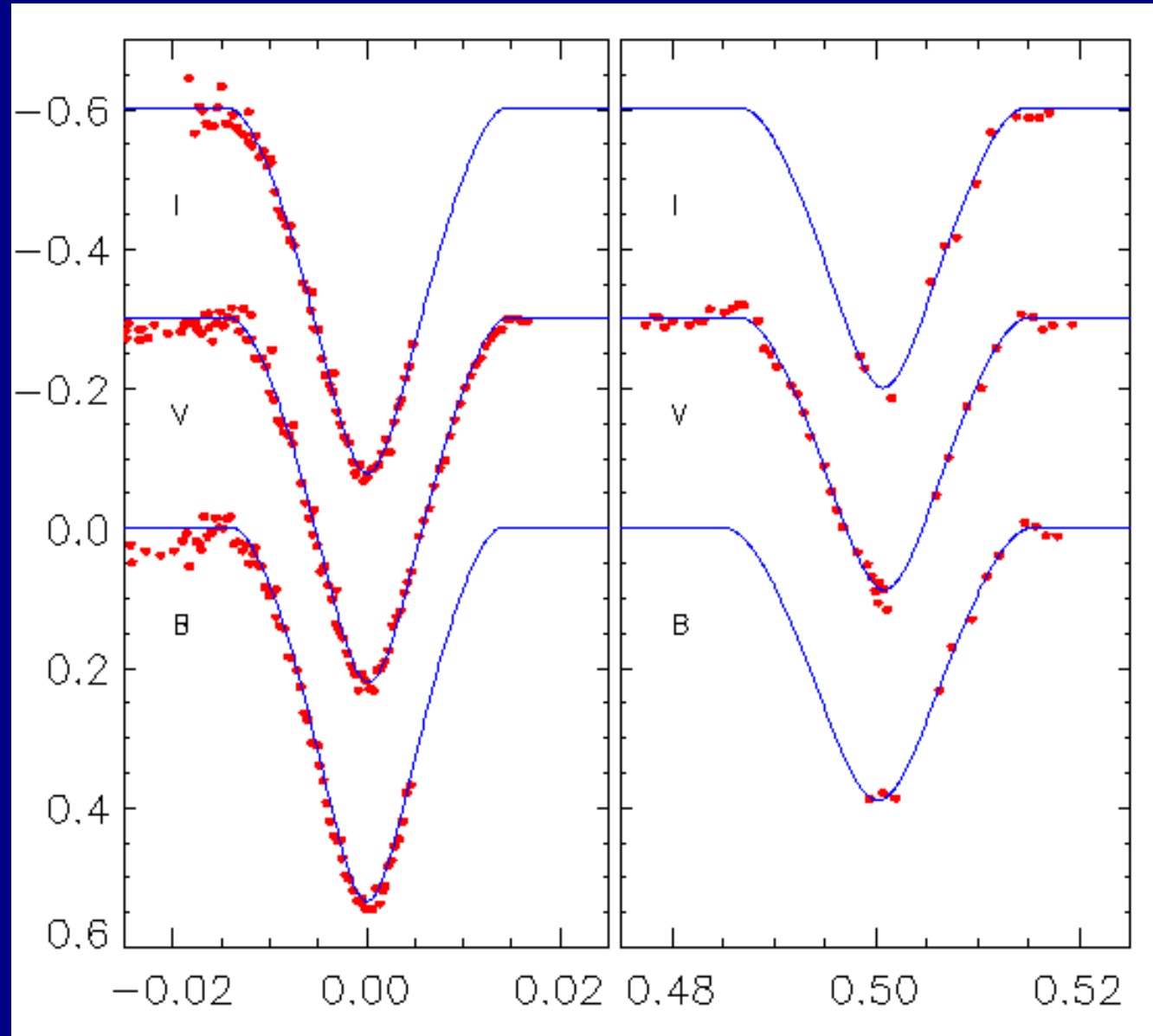
EBOP fit

$$e = 0.01 \pm 0.01$$

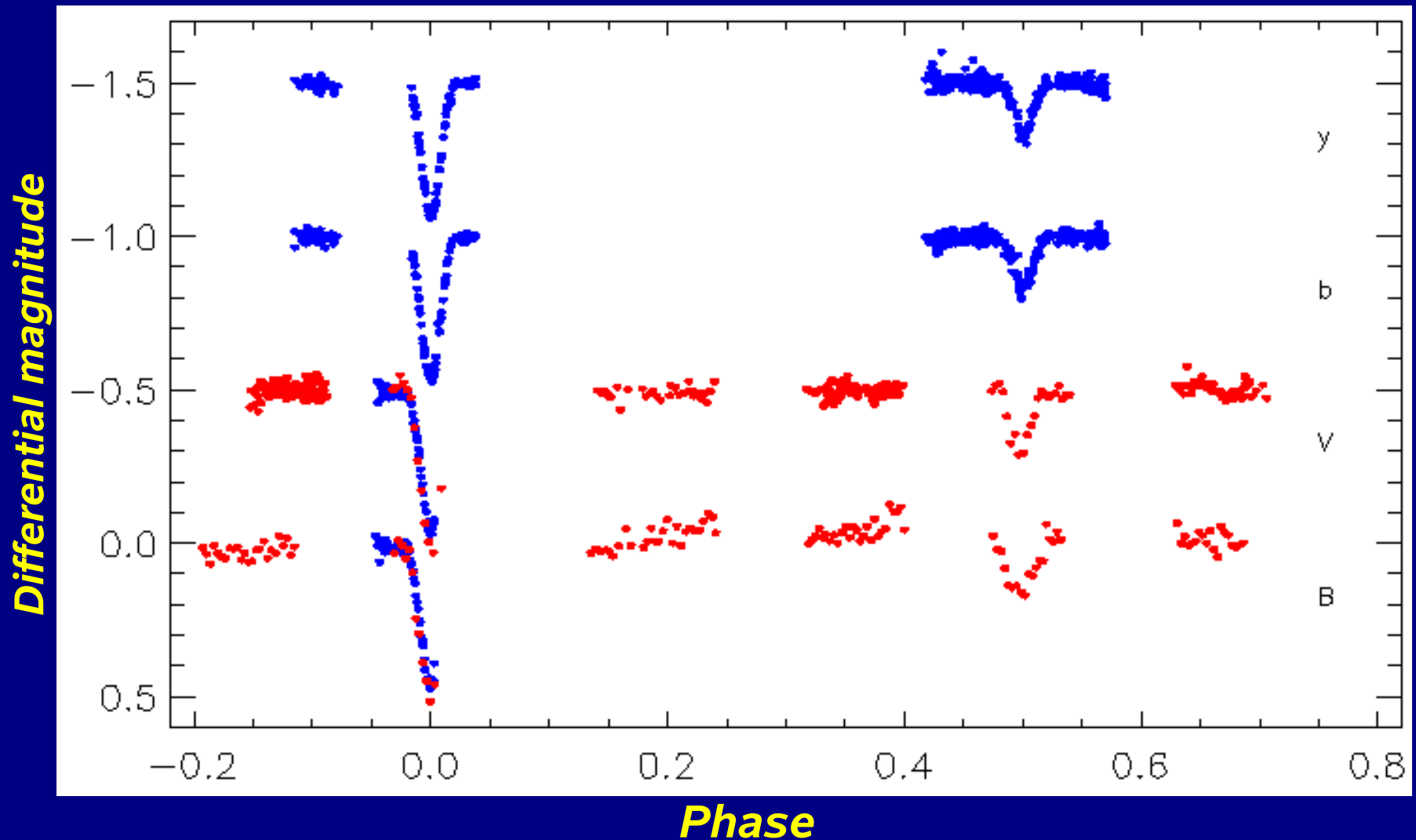
$$i = 88.8 \pm 0.2$$

$$r_1 = 0.0491 \pm 0.0030$$

$$r_2 = 0.0408 \pm 0.0020$$



# V618 Per light curves



- Discovery light curves from Krzesinski et al. (red)
- JKT data (blue) from service and observing run

# V618 Per light curve solution

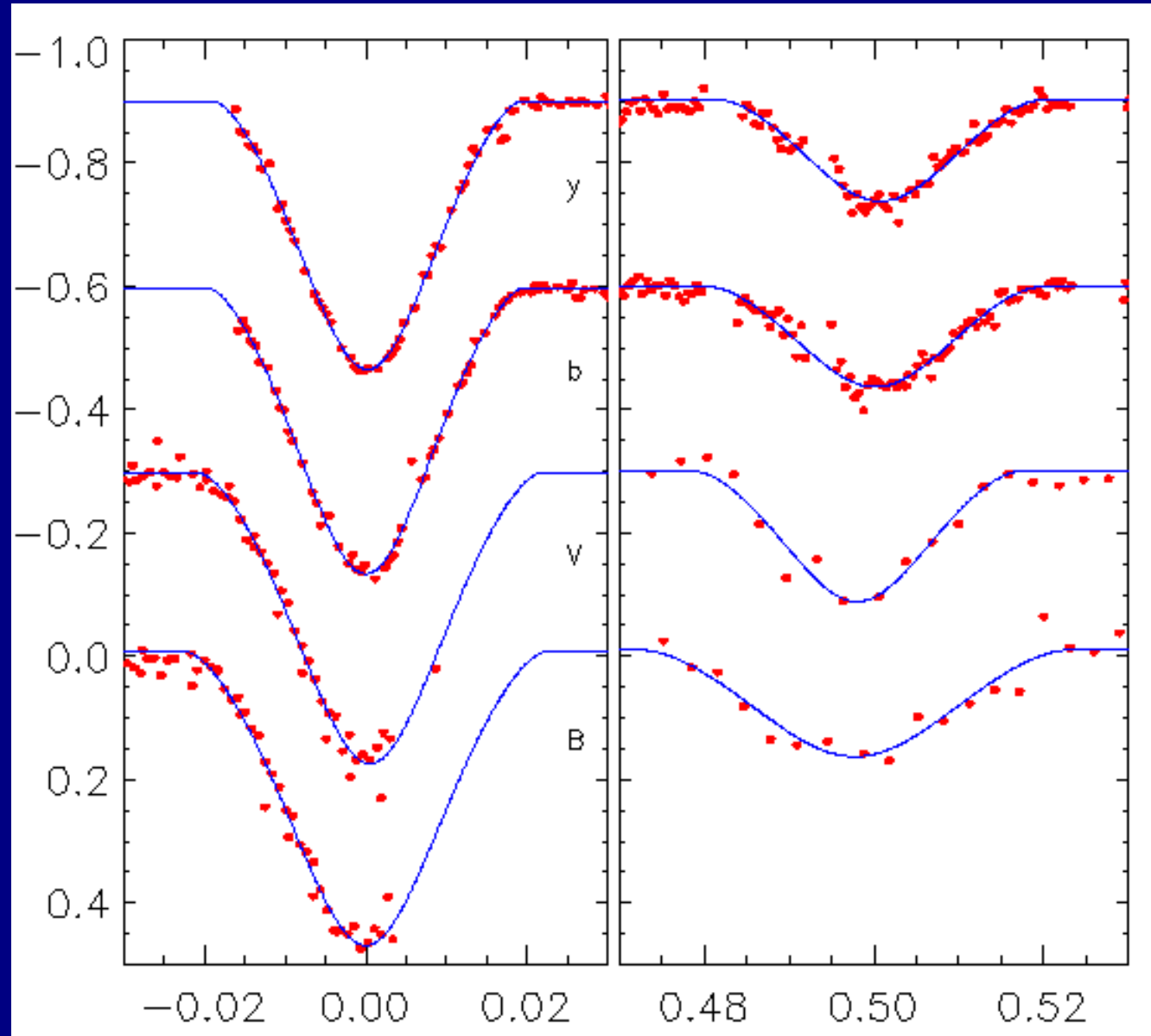
EBOP fit

$$e = 0.01 \pm 0.01$$

$$i = 87.1 \pm 0.5$$

$$r_1 = 0.072 \pm 0.003$$

$$r_2 = 0.058 \pm 0.003$$

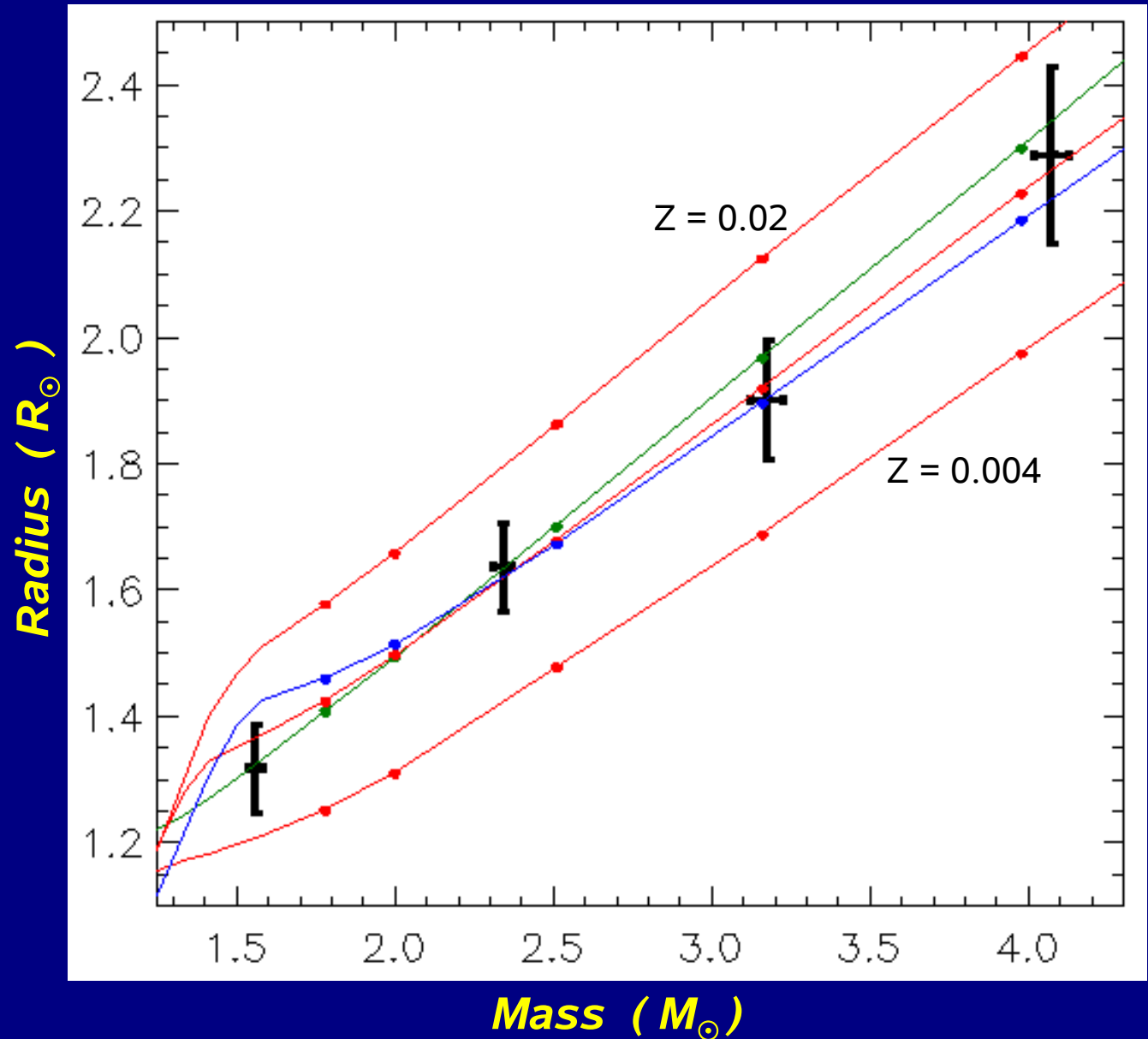


# Models v. observations

## Claret stellar models

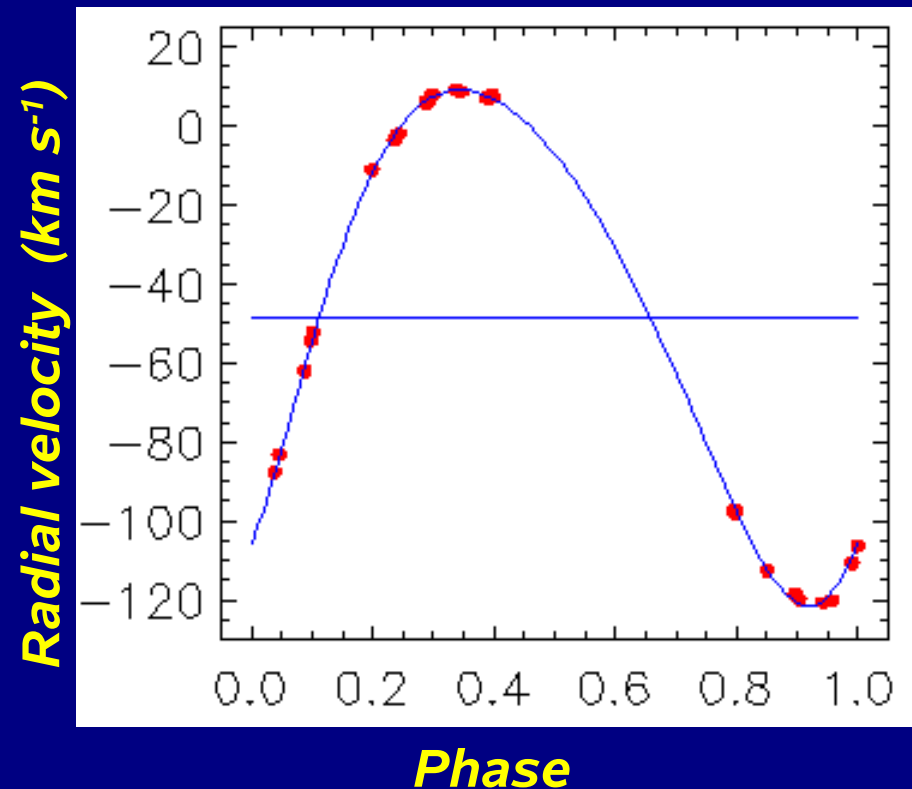
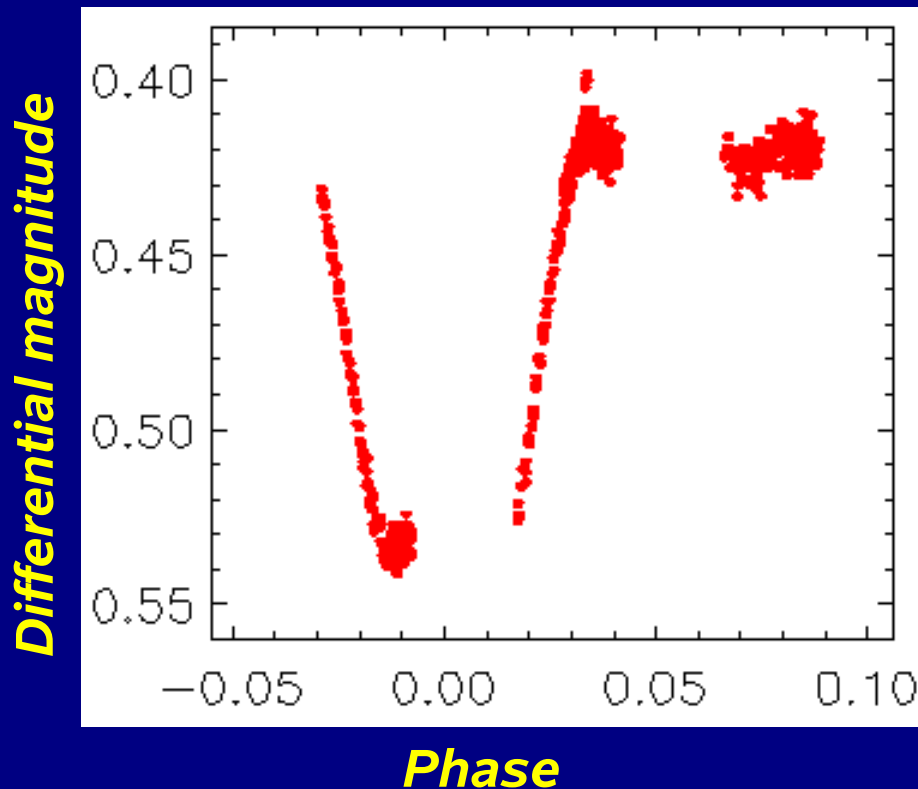
- age 13 Myr
- $Z = 0.01$  also plotted with three helium abundances: low (green) high (red)

NGC 869  
metallicity:  
 $Z \approx 0.01$



# V621 Per in $\chi$ Per (NGC 884)

- Discovered by Krzesiński & Pigulski (1997)
- Two eclipses observed
  - 0.1 mag deep and total
  - 102.1 days apart
- 27 spectra show single lines
  - period  $\approx 20.42$  days
  - $K = 65.38 \pm 0.25$
  - $e = 0.174 \pm 0.005$
  - $V = -47.73 \pm 0.24$



# References

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